THE

Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9387. EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1781.

Mr BRESLAW

RETURNS his ſincere Thanks to the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of ABERDEEN, MONTROSE, ARBROATH, DUNDEE, and the neighbouring GENTRY, for the great encouragement that he has received; and, on his way for GLASGOW, he and Miſs ROSAMOND will exhibit at the Aſſembly Room in PERTH, on Monday, Tueſday, and Wedneſday next, the 29th, 30th, and 31ſt inſtant; and at STIRLING on Friday and Saturday next, the 2d and 3d of November. The particulars of the performances will be expreſſed in the Bills in each place. To begin at half after ſix o'clock in the evenings.—Admittance Two ſhillings each perſon.

A Second Lieutenancy to be ſold.

TO be SOLD, a SECOND LIEUTENANCY in the 21ſt or Royal Regiment of North Britiſh Fuzileers, commanded by the Hon. Lieut. General M'Kay.

The regiment is lately returned from America, and have their head quarters now at Perth.

For particulars, enquire of Joſeph Drew Munro writer, Buchanan's Court, Lawn-market.

FORTH AND CLYDE NAVIGATION.

A QUARTERLY GENERAL MEETING of the Company of Proprietors of the Forth and Clyde Navigation, falls to be held within the Laigh Parliament-Houſe, on the 6th (being the firſt Tueſday) of November next, at eleven o'clock forenoon, in terms of act of Parliament.

EXCISE-OFFICE, Edinburgh, October 26. 1781.

By order of the Hon. COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE.

ON SATURDAY the 3d of November next, at twelve o'clock noon, there will be expoſed to SALE by public auction, at the Exciſe Warehouſe in LEITH, (purſuant to an act paſſed in the laſt ſeſſion of Parliament), The following Quantities of TEA, ſeized and condemned as forfeited,

VIZ.

4 Boxes, containing 338 lib. of BLACK TEA;	appraiſed at	6s. 6d.	per lib.
5 Bags, containing 216 lib. of ditto;	—	—	at 6s. 3d.	per lib.
2 Ditto, containing 14 lib. of ditto;	—	—	at 6s.	per lib.
2 Ditto, containing 14 lib. of ditto;	—	—	at 3s.	per lib.

The goods, which will be put up in lots, and the conditions of ſale, to be ſeen at the Exciſe Warehouſe in Leith, on the day preceding, and the morning of the day of ſale.

Adjournment.

By the Right Honourable

The Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh,

THERE is to be expoſed in FEU, by public roup, within Lawſon's Tavern in Leith, on Wedneſday the 5th December next, at five o'clock afternoon,

That AREA on the north-weſt corner of the Timber Buſh, Leith, preſently incloſed partly with a ſtone-wall, and partly with a pailing; with the buildings on the premiſſes—There has been above 400 l. ſterling laid out in meliorating this ſubject ſince Auguſt 1780.

The articles of roup to be ſeen in the hands of the City Clerks; and any perſon inclining to make a private bargain, may commune with the City Chamberlain.

Third Notice

TO WILLIAM MACGRIGOR's CREDITORS.

SEVERAL Creditors of WILLIAM MACGRIGOR, late tenant in Monachilmore, now in Drumlich in Balquidder, having neglected to produce their grounds of debt, and oaths upon the verity, notwithſtanding of repeated advertiſements,—INTIMATION is hereby made, That the funds will be divided among ſuch of the Creditors as ſhall have ſo produced before the 1ſt day of December next, in the hands of Mr *John Drummond* at *Corrorklat*, or Mr *William Bow* of *Carnock*, the Truſtees, or *John Macnab* writer in Edinburgh; of which the Creditors are deſired to take notice, as they will afterwards have themſelves only to blame. Not to be repeated.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of DAVID FORRESTER, late of Denovan.

THE Truſtee having now made out a Scheme of Diviſion of the funds which have been received, the ſame is lodged with James Dundas, at Mr David Erſkine's, clerk to the ſignet, for the inſpection of the Creditors. And if no objections are made thereto, the dividends will be paid by him at Martinmas next 1781, in terms thereof.

The Creditors will bring along with them their grounds of debt; and ſuch of them as have not yet deponed upon the verity thereof, or ſigned the deed of acceſſion, muſt do ſo before drawing their dividends.

NOTICE to CREDITORS.

AS many of the Creditors of ROBERT BRUCE ſlater in Edinburgh, have omitted giving in their claims, it is deſired they will, betwixt and the 10th of November next, give in exact notes of their debts to Robert Ford merchant in Edinburgh, the Truſtee; after which time none can be received, as a ſtate of his debts is then to be made up, and an offer made to his Creditors.

Not to be repeated.

Scurvy, Gout, Rheumatiſm, Nervous Complaints, &c.

SPILSBURY's DROPS,

Remarkable for curing by a few Bottles,

Prepared at his Diſpenſary, Mount-Row, Weſtminſter Bridge, Surrey.

An EXTRACT from Meſſ. Simmons and Kirby's Kentiſh Gazette, July 7. 1781.

☞ Every additional proof of the efficacy of a medicine may be conſidered as a matter of conſolation to the afflicted. We have now before us a letter from a reſpectable perſon, an inhabitant of a principal town in this county, to the proprietor, of which the following is an extract:

SIR,

I AM compelled by gratitude, as well as by inclination, to pay you that tribute which is due to your great merit.—My wife, in the beginning of laſt ſummer, had a ſcorbutic leproſy, and applied to our apothecary, who ordered her a diet-drink, which ſhe took a conſiderable time, but without its deſired effect. But on hearing of your Drops, determined to give them fair trial: They had a moſt aſtoniſhing effect. The palm of the left hand was an entire ſore, covered like the bark of a tree, and producing very offenſive matter. The right hand was beginning with the ſame ſymptoms; the head was likewiſe covered with a ſcurf. In taking your Drops three months, not the leaſt traces were to be ſeen.

Any perſon deſirous of further information, may receive it at the Printing Office, where the original letter may be ſeen.

Sold by Mr CHARLES ELLIOT, Bookſeller, Edinburgh.

Alexander Thomſon, Aberdeen.
W. Sharp, Inverneſs.
J. Gillies, Perth.
E. Wilſon, Dumfries.
James Duncan, Glaſgow.

ANNUITIES WANTED.

TO be SUNK for TWO ANNUITIES, to be regularly paid in Edinburgh, 700 l. and 600 l.

Enquire at John Wanchope writer to the ſignet.

Not to be repeated.

From the London Papers, Oct. 22.

Rome, Sept. 26. We learn that the republic of Venice is determined to ſend a Miniſter to the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and has given in charge to her Miniſter at the Court of Vienna, to beſeech the Ruſſian Ambaſſador, who reſides there, to perſuade his Court to grant ſo laudable a deſire.

Breſt, Sept. 28. Several ſhips and tranſports for troops are ſitting out with the utmoſt expedition, and artillery is daily arriving here. Our politicians ſay, that theſe preparations are deſigned for an attack on Jamaica; that M. de Graſſe will return to St Domingo as ſoon as the troops, which are to ſail from hence next month, arrive there; and that theſe great forces united will make an attack againſt that important Engliſh poſſeſſion.

Vienna, Sept. 29. The plan of toleration which characteriſes the Government of his Imperial and Royal Apoſtolic Majeſty, is daily eſtabliſhing on the moſt ſolid foundation. Many of his domains being filled with Proteſtant ſubjects, or ſurrounded by ſtates where the Proteſtant religion prevails, it is evident how much toleration may make the population, commerce, induſtry, and all the arts which contribute to augment the ſplendour and power of an empire, flouriſh therein. Such are the effects that may be expected from the final reſolution, which, we are aſſured, will be taken to grant to Proteſtants the power of occupying for the future civil and military employments, of being made freemen of cities, of purchaſing and poſſeſſing eſtates, and marrying with Roman Catholics, without being under any reſtraint with reſpect to the education of their children; and, laſtly, of enjoying the liberty of adoring the Supreme Being according to the rites of their religion, and the wiſh of their hearts, in the temples which will be conſtructed for that purpoſe.

It is ſtill pretended, that there will be a great reform in the divers departments of the ſtate, and a conſiderable diminution in the number of perſons employed therein, which will alſo take place, we are aſſured, in all the hereditary countries of the Houſe of Auſtria, and that the plan of this reform will be publiſhed after the Emperor's return.

Vienna, Oct. 3. There has been lately felt in divers parts of Hungary ſo extraordinary a heat, that the huſbandmen could only work by night. All the ſnow that has covered the Carpathian mountains for more than a century, is entirely melted.

Vienna, Oct. 3. The Emperor hath lately ſent to the Preſident of War a billet, written with his own hand, in which he appoints the young Prince Ferdinand of Wurtemberg, brother to the Grand Ducheſs of Ruſſia, to be a Lieutenant-Colonel in his armies.

Berlin, Oct. 6. A perſon who aſſumed the title of Count has been arreſted at an inn here where he lodged, at the requeſt of the regency of Hamburgh, who ſent a deſcription of him. We are aſſured that the pretended Count has ſtolen in caſh and jewels to the amount of about 40,000 crowns. Several paſſports and ſome effects were found upon him.

Elſineur, Oct. 6. During the laſt eight days ſeveral Engliſh veſſels arrived in the Sound, and others have departed thence without convoy.

The Africa, an Engliſh man of war of 60 guns, and a frigate of the ſame nation. the Lord Amherſt, of 20, arrived yeſterday in the Sound, without any merchantmen under convoy; at the ſame time 10 merchant ſhips from Hull arrived here without an eſcort.

Paris, Oct. 7. Letters from Domingo, dated Auguſt 3. mention an engagement between two frigates. L'Aſtree (others ſay la Fee) a French frigate of 32 guns, commanded by M. de Bombay, cruizing near the Cape, met with an Engliſh frigate from Jamaica, named the Nymph, which chaced the French frigate in order to attack her. Theſe ſhips ſoon began one of thoſe engagements of which this war has afforded many examples. The Nymph ſunk, and L'Aſtree returned to the Cape in a very ſhattered condition, where ſhe arrived amidſt the acclamations of the inhabitants.

Paris, Oct. 8. The Parliament regiſtered on the 7th of September a declaration of the King, given at Verſailles on the 3d of the ſame month, and publiſhed this day, which authoriſes the Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and merchants of Paris, to make a loan of 750 millions of livres on perpetual annuities.

They write from Bar-le-duc, in Lorrain, that a Recollet Friar having ſeduced a young woman, who was with child by him, conducted her to a neighbouring foreſt, where he ripped up her body with a knife. The motive for committing this crime, it is ſaid, was becauſe the girl, contrary to his advice, wanted to make a declaration of her pregnancy before a Magiſtrate. The murderer made his eſcape, and has not been heard of ſince.

Paris, Oct. 9. The friar who killed the girl he had got with child has departed for Conſtantinople, where he will abjure his religion, as he had already abjured his ſhame and humanity. Such horrible accidents will conſtantly happen, as long as the public idea ſhall attach infamy to the conception of a man without particular formalities, and while there are on earth beings to whom devotion or cruelty does not permit the uſage of their ſenſes.

Paris, Oct. 11. We hear that M. de Graſſe has entered the bay of Cheſapeak, and landed 3600 men under the command of M. de St Simon. Theſe troops are to join thoſe of M. de la Fayette, to oblige, if poſſible, the Engliſh to evacuate Georgia. This news was received by an American veſſel arrived at Cadiz.

Amſterdam, Oct. 15. Captain H. Fokkes, arrived at Vlie, reports, that he ſaw on the 9th inſtant, to the ſouthward of the Dogger Bank, ſouth-eaſt of Vlie, 19 ſhips, and the ſame day heard a heavy cannonade.

LONDON

It is certain that ſome freſh propoſals of peace, on the part of the United Provinces, have been made within a few days paſt, through means of a certain Northern Court.

By the laſt mail from Ireland there is advice, that the St Patrick privateer has taken a rich ſhip from Martinico, bound to Bourdeaux, and ſent her into Kinſale, on board of which ſhip there were 20 Engliſh ſailors with their Captain, who had been priſoners at Martinico, but were carrying to France in order to be exchanged for French priſoners now in England.

We ſhall have very few ſhips in the Channel next year, if we can truſt to the proſpect now before us: The coaſt of America will become the ſcene of war in the next campaign, which will probably make an end of the conteſt one way or other. America was won laſt war on the plains of Germany; if ſhe is to be conquered this war, ſhe will be conquered on her own coaſt. The jewel for which France and England will there contend, is of ineſtimable value; the power that wins it will no doubt be able to rule the ſeas with abſolute dominion.

The nations of France and England differ not more in their language and dreſs, than in their characters. The French are eaſily elated; and the Engliſh as eaſily depreſſed; ſo that confidence may be well termed the characteriſtic of the one, while deſpondency may truly be called that of the other. The late engagement on the coaſt of America verifies this obſervation: The French now think themſelves invincible, becauſe Admiral Graves has burnt a 74 gun ſhip; and the Engliſh look upon their cauſe in America to be ruined, becauſe the Cheſapeak was blocked up when the laſt accounts came away. But a moment's reflection would ſhew, that the deſpondency of the one is as ill founded as the confidence of the other.

The junction of Admirals Digby and Graves, together with that of the Prudent, will make the force of Britain, on the coaſt of America, *twenty-two* ſhips of the line; a force fully ſufficient to break through every obſtacle that 24 French ſhips can oppoſe to them; and conſequently the blockade of the entrance of the Cheſapeak cannot be long maintained, without battle; and ſince *twelve* of our ſhips could maintain a conflict with *ſixteen* French ſhips of the line, there can be little ground for apprehenſion, that a fleet of 22 Britiſh ſhips will not be able to break into the Cheſapeak, in ſpite of the moſt gallant oppoſition from 24 French men of war.

If our fleet ſhould be able to enter the Cheſapeak, then there will be little reaſon to entertain fears for the brave Cornwallis; we ſhall be able not only to land the troops that may be ſent to reinforce his Lordſhip's army, but alſo to cut off the communication between the Marquis de la Fayette's army and the main force of the continent. With ſuch a probable proſpect before us, we ought not to entertain dull and gloomy ideas; "our troops are willing, and our cauſe is juſt;" and our fleet being, by this time, equal to that of the enemy, we ought therefore to look forward for victory, and not ſit down and deſpond.

While the Engliſh are ſo much diſheartened with the late drawn battle, the French are no way elated with their ſituation in America. A ſuperiority of two or three ſhips of the line does not give them any reaſon to look for certain victory over the Engliſh. They look indeed for victory, it is true, but then it is becauſe they imagine that Monſieur de Graſſe has taken his whole force with him to the coaſt of America, which, joined to that of Monſieur du Barras, they ſay will make full thirty-nine ſail of the line; with which they ſay, and very truly, that Admiral Graves could never contend: But the late Gazette Extraordinary ſhews that they were greatly out in their reckoning; for in the late action the force of France did not exceed 24 ſail of the line.

If the French could have had their whole force on the coaſt of America and the Weſt Indies united before the late engagement, then we certainly ſhould recover in Europe what we had loſt in America; for then the great trading fleet from St Domingo muſt come to Europe without convoy, which would of courſe make them fall an eaſy prey to Admiral Darby.

A greater number of people are now employed at the Victualling Office, in killing and curing for the uſe of the navy, than hath been known for ſome years, ſo great is the demand for proviſions.

We hear it has been determined in Council, very lately, that the convicts for the future ſhall be employed as ſlaves, in working at the fortifications at Gibraltar, Mahon, and the forts on the coaſt of Africa.

The Purſers of the eighteen homeward-bound Eaſt-India-men, having all appeared at the Eaſt-India Houſe, reporting the ſafe arrival of their reſpective ſhips, may be conſidered as one of the moſt conſiderable events, in favour of our trade and commerce; that has happened at any time of either peace or war; for many years.

Extract of a letter from an Engliſh gentleman at Paris, October 10.

"A few nights ago the French had an opportunity to expreſs by action and geſture, what, from the arbitrary ſeverity of their government, they dare not expreſs by words. At the Opera the Count d'Artois appeared with Admiral Count de Guichen: The Pit immediately paid that reſpect which the French ever ſhew to the Princes of the royal blood; but no notice whatever was taken of the Admiral, who, in a fleet of 49 ſail of the line, had cruized to no purpoſe in the Engliſh Channel for two months. At the end of the ſecond act, Counts d'Eſtaing and Du Chaffault came in arm in arm, and ſuch were the plaudits of the ſpectators, that the performance was completely interrupted for upwards of a quarter of an hour; nothing echoed through the houſe but *Vivent le Roi, et les braves Comtes d'Eſtaing et Du Chaffault.* The friends of Comte de Guichen were afraid that the audience would have publicly affronted him; but the preſence of his Royal Highneſs the Comte d'Artois preſerved him from that inſult. The Prince is a favourite with the people; and they reſpect him too much to be actually rude to any one whom he honours ſo much as to take into his company."

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *Oct.* 23.

St James's, October 23.

THE King has been pleaſed to preſent the Reverend Mr Patrick Stewart to the church and united pariſhes of Kinneff and Catherlin, in the preſbytery of Fordoun and ſhire of Kincardine, vacant by the death of the Reverend Mr James Honeyman.

War-Office, October 23. 1781.

16th Regiment of light dragoons, Lieutenant Frederick Metzner is appointed to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice David Howell.

21ſt Regiment of light dragoons, Captain John Leche, of 16th dragoons, to be Major, vice John Floyd.

23d Regiment of light dragoons, Captain-Lieutenant David Howell, of 16th dragoons, to be Captain of a troop, vice John Campbell. Captain-Lieutenant John Beckwith to be Captain of a troop, vice Lewis Majendie. Lieutenant William Boyce, of 16th dragoons, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice John Beckwith.

Commiſſions ſigned by his Majeſty for the army in Ireland, all of which are dated September 1. 1781.

1ſt Horſe, Mr Joſeph Clark to be Cornet, vice Brooke Chambers; by purchaſe.

4th Horſe, Mr Thomas Manning to be Cornet, vice Rowley Hall; by purchaſe.

12th Dragoons, Mr Robert Cooke to be Cornet, vice Michael White; by purchaſe.

14th Dragoons, Lieutenant Robert Compton to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice John Cunninghame; by purchaſe. Cornet Robert Wallace to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Compton; by purchaſe. Mr John Gamble to be Cornet, vice Francis Chriſtopher Muſgrave; by purchaſe.

5th Foot, Lieutenant Thomas Lyttleton to be Captain, vice Lieutenant-Colonel Anthony Haſlam; by purchaſe. Enſign James Combe to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Lyttleton; by purchaſe.

32d Foot, Lieutenant Edward Brooks to be Adjutant, vice Thomas Dalyell, promoted.

36th Foot, Mr Lancelot Fiſher to be Enſign, vice William Chambers; by purchaſe.

49th Foot, Enſign Thomas Dilkes to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Armſtrong; by purchaſe. Mr Oliver Brandwood to be Enſign. Cornet Andrew Armſtrong, of 18th dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice James Stanley; by purchaſe.

67th Foot, Enſign Anthony Gordon, of 77th foot, to be Enſign, vice William Henry, appointed the 29th of June, 1780, who had not joined.

68th Foot, Enſign William Wilſon to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Montgomery; by purchaſe. Mr Richard Studdart to be Enſign. Enſign Robert Rogers Aldworth to be Lieutenant, vice Hugh Smith; by purchaſe. Mr John Mahon to be Enſign.

77th Foot, Mr Donald M'Gregor to be Enſign, vice Anthony Gordon, made Enſign in 67th foot.

81ſt Foot, Mr Robert Styles Brien to be Enſign, vice William Duncan, promoted. Serjeant-Major James Cromy to be Quarter-Maſter, vice John Ryan.

Royal Iriſh regiment of artillery, Surgeon's Mate Alexander Lindſay to be Surgeon, vice Arthur Winter. Mr William Moore to be Second Lieutenant, vice William Wright, promoted. Mr Joſeph Walker to be Second Lieutenant, vice Richard Betteſworth, reſigned.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, *Oct.* 23.

The Elizabeth, White, from Liverpool, is arrived at Cork, after being taken by Pat Dowling, and ranſomed for 800 guineas.

The Good Intent, Snudden, was taken by the French at Tobago.

The Nancy, ——, from Narva to Hull, is taken and carried into Dunkirk.

The Sandwich, Wallace, and a ſloop from —— to Quebec, are both taken.

The St John Baptiſta, Silveza, from Cork to Oſtend, was loſt on the coaſt of Cornwall, near Truro, and only 39 barrels of beef ſaved.

A large Dutch prize, taken by the Santa Monica frigate in the Weſt Indies, laſt from Ireland, arrived at Plymouth the 19th inſt.

The Mermaid, Reynolds, bound for Africa, was drove on ſhore in the night of the 18th inſt. in Liverpool river, in a gale of wind; both ſhip and cargo received conſiderable damage, and her cargo is diſcharged.

The Minerva and Monſieur frigates have taken and brought into Cork two rebel privateers, viz. the Hercules of Boſton, Captain Diſmore, of 22 ſix-pounders, and 117 men; and the Jaſon of Salem, Captain Hamilton, of 20 ſix-pounders, and 76 men.

The Grace, Shephard, ſprung a leak at Tortola, and muſt unload.

Falmouth, 18. Arrived from the Leeward Iſlands, the Triumph man of war and Panther ditto, with about 70 ſail under convoy.

From the London Papers, Oct. 23.

LONDON.

A morning paper of this day ſays, that about 70 ſail of Weſt-Indiamen (the Leeward iſland fleet) under convoy of the Triumph and Panther men of war from Ireland, are ſafe arrived off Falmouth; and the report this day at noon places them ſafe off Portſmouth, which agree very well with the extract from St Mary's, Scilly, given below; we are ſorry to add, that our letter from Portſmouth this poſt does not confirm the latter part of this very agreeable intelligence.

Extract of a letter from St Mary's, Scilly, October 19.

"The Walcot privateer, Captain Jardon, belonging to Waterford, is put in here, and has brought in with her a large Dutch ſhip from Boſton, laden with hides, &c. bound to Amſterdam.

"Paſſed by a large fleet of ſhips under convoy, which we imagine to be the Leeward iſland fleet, bound to London."

The whole of Commodore Stewart's ſquadron, except ſuch ſhips as may really ſtand in need of repair, are to paſs the winter at Leith, where they can be much cheaper victualled than at the Nore.

Public opinion begins to be divided reſpecting the return of Commodore Johnſtone. Reports ſay Admiral Hughes will be home in the ſpring with two ſhips of his ſquadron that will want repairs; if ſo, the Commodore's ſervices will be more immediately wanted in the Eaſt.

It is believed that ſo ſoon as Admiral Digby joins Admiral Graves, they will proceed to block up the French fleet in the Cheſapeak, which accounts miniſtry expect to hear hourly.

Government are under great anxiety for want of information from Charleſtown, and of the ſituation of Lord Cornwallis.

We underſtand, by the moſt authentic accounts from Virginia, that we have not much reaſon to be fearful for the fate of Lord Cornwallis, though M. de Graſſe and his fleet have got into the Cheſapeak, and may have landed the troops he brought with him from the Weſt Indies. His Lordſhip has choſen a ſituation the moſt convenient for commanding both ſides of the river, and protecting the tranſports and other ſhipping that were obliged to retire upon the approach of the French fleet.

The French ſhips muſt certainly have ſuffered conſiderably in the engagement with part of Admiral Graves's fleet; and the bay of Cheaſpeak, or even Hampton road, will not be found very convenient for repairing the damages; and the impoſſibility of their getting proviſions in Virginia muſt compel them to quit that ſtation in a few weeks. If Lord Cornwallis can huſband his proviſions for that time, as he has between ſix and ſeven thouſand men moſt advantageouſly poſted, we have every thing to hope from ſuch an officer, who, from the firſt day of his having a command, has given the moſt convincing proofs of an uncommon degree of merit.

The Honourable John Forbes, by ſeniority, ſucceeds to the ſupreme naval rank of Admiral of the Fleet, in conſequence of the death of Lord Hawke.

Lord Dunmore took a great quantity of plate, and ſome very elegant carriages with him, on his embarkation for his government of Virginia.

By a gentleman from India, we learn, that Hyder Ally diſgraced all his tranſient victories by acts of the moſt ſavage inhumanity; particularly, that he ordered the feet of ſeveral Indian priſoners to be cut off.

The Eaſt Indiamen from Bengal are ordered up the River to diſcharge their cargoes immediately, which conſiſt chiefly of ſalt-petre on account of Government.

The crew of the Duke of Kingſton Eaſt-Indiaman having been very ſickly, are returned with not above one third of the original outward-bound complement.

The Dutch Eaſt-Indiamen taken by Commodore Johnſtone, were chiefly from Bengal, and a large part of their cargoes ſalt-petre, which will fetch a good price, if they arrive ſafe in England.

It is abſurd to ſay that Sir George Rodney will ſoon return to the Weſt-Indies. The charges of Governor Ferguſon, againſt the Admiral muſt either be proved or refuſed, ere ſuch an event can take place, which it is thought will not be decided by a Parliamentary enquiry till after the Chriſtmas holidays.

People who pretend to be in the miniſterial ſecrets, offer even bets that de Graſſe would not remain three weeks in the Cheſapeak, ere he is either forced to action, or to make a precipitate retreat to Rhode-iſland.

Two new regiments are formed from the independent companies raiſed laſt and the preſent year, which are under orders to embark for the Eaſt-Indies: there are now 102 regiments of foot on the Britiſh eſtabliſhment.

A letter from Conſtantinople ſays, that a certain ambaſſador having endeavoured to bring on a war with the Ruſſians, his conduct got to the knowledge of the populace, who aſſembled about the ſaid ambaſſador's houſe, and, in all probability would have uſed him very ill, had not a large body of janiſſaries been immediately ſent to protect his perſon from being hurt. Some of the ringleaders were taken, and immediately put to death, ſince which they have remained quiet, but the ambaſſador is afraid to appear in public. *Daily Adv.*

A letter from Rome, by the way of France, ſays, that an attempt has been made to poiſon a great perſon there, by mixing a quantity of arſenick in ſome wine. It was diſcovered by a phyſician, who conſtantly attended on him, taſting before the former drank. The perſon who had the care of his wines has been taken up and examined, but he denies knowing any thing about it. If on further examination he appears to be guilty, it is thought he will ſuffer death.—*Ibid.*

Admiralty-Office, Oct. 22. 1781.

Extract of a letter from Captain Williams, Commander of his Majeſty's ſhip Flora, to Mr Stephens, dated at ſea, October 10. 1781.

"Pleaſe to acquaint the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, that having received orders to cruize in company with his Majeſty's ſhip Crocodile, to the eaſtward of Cape Clear, we yeſterday, in company with the Monſieur and Minerva, fell in with an American ſhip privateer, named the Hercules, commanded by Thomas Diſſmore, mounting 18 ſix-pounders and 2 fours, her complement conſiſting of 120 men, which veſſel, after a purſuit of four hours, the Flora and Minerva came up with, and captured. She had been two months from Boſton, under orders to cruize on the Banks of Newfoundland; but having met with no ſucceſs there, the maſter determined to try his fortune off this coaſt, where he arrived but two days ago. I have the pleaſure to add, he has done no miſchief ſince his change of ſtation."

Admiralty Office, Oct. 22. 1781.

Extract of a letter from the Hon. Captain Phipps, Commander of his Majeſty's ſhip Monſieur, to Mr Stephens, dated Cove of Cork, the 13th of October, 1781.

"Pleaſe to inform my Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, of the arrival of his Majeſty's ſhip under my command, with the Minerva, at this port, in order to get water, and alſo to land 200 rebel priſoners, the crews of the Hercules and Jaſon, two rebel ſhip privateers. Of the former, Captain Williams informs me he has written their Lordſhips an account, he having been preſent when ſhe was taken. The Jaſon was taken by the Monſieur and Minerva, on the 10th inſtant, off Cape Clear. She was commanded by Charles Hamilton; mounts 12 guns, twelve and ſix pounders, and belongs to Salem; has been out ſix weeks; during which time ſhe had not taken any thing. The two prizes are arrived with us."

Extract of a letter from Minorca, Aug. 28.

"The day before yeſterday the Duke de Crillon, himſelf in perſon, reconnoitred the Fort St Philip, and made the neceſſary preparations for commencing the ſiege. Since our diſembarkment, the enemies have retired with ſo much precipitation, that they left behind them ſeveral papers of conſequence, cloaths, &c. and they had not time for the deſtruction of their arſenal and their magazine. The inhabitants of the iſland are treated with the greateſt lenity by our troops.

"On the 20th, the royal ſtandard was ſet up here with the uſual formalities. It was ſaluted by 20 pieces of cannoa, and received with the acclamations of the troops. Immediately after, the Duc de Crillon, marching at the head of the brigade of grenadiers, and the volunteers of Catalonia, took the road to Mahon, where he was afterwards joined by the other brigades of the ſecond diſembarkment. The General had left picquets through the road, who ſecured the different ports; and after having diſpatched a detachment againſt Fornella, the camp was placed between Mahon and Fort Philip. The activity of our General is diſplayed in every kind of fatigue; he attends to every thing himſelf; he is alſo adored by the troops, who burn with ardour to attack Fort St Philip. Several women, who had quitted the fort through fear of being confined in it during the ſiege, have been received by the General with that politeneſs which characteriſes a brave gallant gentleman. He has granted them a guard to ſecure them from the fear which they had of being inſulted; and ſince that he has received letters from General Murray, which recommended them to his notice. Theſe politeneſſes, joined to the attentions of the General for the inhabitants of the iſland, has created an eſteem for him with the Mahoneſe, who look upon us as ancient fellow-ſubjects, reunited under the ſame domination. The forts have begun to play their batteries, but as yet we have ſuſtained no damage."

Extract of a letter from Chatham, October 19.

"The Artois frigate, of 44 guns, Captain M'Bride, is now undergoing a thorough repair at Sheerneſs. She is one of the faſteſt ſailing frigates in the navy. Commodore Stewart has particularly requeſted that ſhe may be ſent to him as ſoon as poſſible. As the greateſt expedition is uſed in rigging and repairing her, it is thought ſhe will be ready to ſail for the Texel about the latter end of next week. The Polyphemus of 64 guns is in great forwardneſs, and will be launched early in the ſpring."

PRICES OF CORN AT CORN EXCHANGE, Oct. 22.

Wheat, 30 s. a 41 s.	Boiling Peaſe, 28 s.
Fine ditto, ditto.	Tick Beans, 19 a 20 s.
Rye, 18 a 20 s.	Small ditto, 20 a 26 s.
Oats, 13 s. a 17 s. 6 d.	Tares, 26 a 30 s.
Barley, 15 s. a 16 s. 6 d.	Fine Flour, 37 s. per ſack.
Malt, 25 s. a 27 s.	Second ſort, 40 s.
Grey Peaſe, 18 a 22 s.	Rape Seed, — per laſt.
White ditto, 24 a 27 s.	

PRICE OF STOCKS, Oct. 23.

Bank Stock ſhut, 109¾ a ¼.	Ditto New Ann. 55¼.
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, ſhut, 70½ a ⅞.	Ditto 1751, —
3½ per cent. 1758, 56½ a ⅝.	India Stock, —
3 per cent. con. 56 a ½.	3 per cent. Ann. —
3 per cent. red. con. ſhut, 55⅜ a ½ ex div.	India Bonds, 2 prem.
3 per cent. 1726, 55⅝.	Exch. Bills, 1 a 2 diſc.
Long Ann. 16½ a 9-16ths.	Navy Bills, 12½ diſc.
— Ann. 1777, —	3 per cent. Scrip. —
Ditto 1778, 12¼ a 5-16ths.	4 per cent. Scrip. —
South Sea Stock, —	Omnium, —
3 per cent. Old Ann. ſhut.	Bank Stock Scrip. —
	Lot. Tic. 14 l. 9 s. a 10 s. 6 d.

WIND AT DEAL,
Oct. 22. N. N. W.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Oct. 23.

"This day the Court of Aldermen, in purſuance of the ſpecial ſummonſes ſent them, took into their conſideration the ſeveral complaints made againſt Alderman Wooldridge, as a magiſtrate of this city.

"The following were the Aldermen who attended on the occaſion:—The Lord Mayor, the Lord Mayor elect, Alſop, Wilkes, Peckham, Wooldridge, Hart, Wright, Pugh, Sainſbury, Crichton, Turner, and Gill.

"After a very long and warm debate, which continued from twelve o'clock till paſt four, the Lord Mayor moved, and was ſeconded by Mr Alderman Crichton, That a Committee of the Court of Aldermen ſhould ſit, for the purpoſe of enquiring into the conduct of Mr Alderman Wooldridge, reſpecting his having cauſed Mr Grenville to be apprehended and impriſoned as a French ſpy, for five days, without any oath or information taken, and divers other matters.

"The motion was then put, and agreed to by every one of the Aldermen, Mr Wooldridge excepted.

"After this a freſh debate aroſe, as to the time the Committe ſhould meet for going into the buſineſs. The Lord Mayor thought the honour of magiſtracy, the dignity of the city, and the liberty of the ſubject, ſo peculiarly involved in it, and dependent on its iſſue, that every poſſible diſpatch ſhould be uſed on the occaſion. The Aldermen, in general, concurred with the Chief Magiſtrate, and paid his Lordſhip many encomiums for the upright and ſpirited conduct he had obſerved. Mr Alderman Wooldridge, however, begged time, and alledged, as a reaſon for ſo doing, that he was obliged to go out of town, on very particular buſineſs, that would prevent him from returning till Tueſday ſe'ennight, on which day he would be ready to meet the Committee of the Court of Aldermen, on the enquiry which had been directed into his conduct.

"After ſome little converſation, it was unanimouſly reſolved, that the Committee ſhould meet on Tueſday ſe'ennight, and continue to ſit every day, until they have gone through the intended enquiry into the conduct of Mr Alderman Wooldridge, after which they are to report their proceedings to the Court.

"The Leeward-Iſland fleet is expected to arrive this evening in the Downs.

"This day the ſubſcribers made good their payment of ten per cent. on the loan of twelve millions. There is yet one payment to make, viz. ten per cent. on the 23d of next month.

"The Court-martial ordered to ſit on the conduct of Major Stanhope, is neceſſarily poſtponed till the arrival of ſome evidence from the Weſt-Indies, though the Major himſelf is ſaid to preſs the matter upon the Court, in the moſt confident aſſurance of his perfect innocence.

"It is ſaid, that the differences between a certain Governor in the Weſt-Indies, and the General Aſſembly, reſpecting his demanding and receiving fees of duties, contrary to the laws and conſtitution of the Iſland, have been cloſely inſpected by his Majeſty, who has been thereby ſo much impreſſed againſt the Governor, that his removal from the government is expected to follow in a very little time, to the general ſatisfaction of the people of B——s.

"Lord George Cavendiſh is to come into Parliament for Derbyſhire, in the room of his nephew Lord Richard Cavendiſh.

"Though the French have ſent a very ſtrong naval force up the Cheſapeak, and landed a large military body to co-operate with the Generals Greene and Wayne in fruſtrating the operations of Lord Cornwallis, and even drive him out of the Carolinas, the Miniſtry do not apprehend any ill conſequences therefrom, as the lateneſs of the ſeaſon will prevent them from doing any thing for ſome time to come, and they are in hopes before then to have a force, both naval and military, that may be able to cruſh their views, whatever they may be."

Thurſday laſt, being the Anniverſary of the Acceſſion of his preſent Majeſty to the Throne, was obſerved as a holiday at the Banks and Public Offices in this City. In the morning the flag was diſplayed from the Caſtle; at noon the great guns were fired, and ſalutes were returned from the Battery at Leith, the Proſelyte frigate, and the other ſhips in the Roads. At one o'clock, the *Edinburgh Defenſive Band* marched, in complete uniform, to Heriot's Green, where, after receiving the Lord Provoſt as their Colonel, with the proper honours, they went through their whole manouvres, firings, and evolutions, to the great ſatisfaction of his Lordſhip and the Magiſtrates, as well as of a numerous and brilliant company aſſembled on this occaſion, concluding with three volleys in honour of the day; after which the Band diſmiſſed.

There ſcarce has been a more elegant and reſpectable appearance in this City, or which has met with higher or more juſt applauſe, than the review of the *Edinburgh Defenſive Band* on Thurſday laſt. Beſides the Lord Provoſt and Magiſtrates, a very brilliant company of Ladies, ſeveral of the Nobility, Clergy, Lawyers, Officers of the Army and Navy, and a great number of the moſt reſpectable Citizens, were preſent. The day was exceeding fine; the Gentlemen of the Band made a moſt noble appearance, and went through the exerciſe with ſur-

ing ſtedineſs. The command was ſpiritedly given by the for for the time. The Gentlemen of the Muſic, who are all unteers in this ſervice, alſo merit the higheſt commendation, hey added greatly to the elegance of the performance, which ighted all preſent; the higheſt encomiums being univerſally oured upon the order, diſcipline, and martial appearance of a little republic of arms, which has encreaſed and improved eatly ſince the review on the Anniverſary of the Coronation.

This day, the proclamation for the meeting of Parliament the 27th of November next, was read at the Croſs with the ual formalities.

This afternoon, and not before, the Right Hon. the Lord roveſt iſſued his precept for ſummoning the Magiſtrates and ouncil to meet in the Council Chamber on Monday next, at e o'clock, to proceed to the election of a Repreſentative to arliament for this city, in room of the Right Hon. Sir Lauence Dundas, Bart. deceaſed. James Hunter-Blair, Eſq; it ſuppoſed, will be then unanimouſly elected. After the elec- n, an elegant entertainment will be given by Mr Hunter- air, in the Aſſembly Hall, to which a great number of the ility, gentry, and reſpectable citizens, are invited.

On the 18th inſtant, died, at his father's houſe in Leith, r Peter Agar Rothe, ſon to Captain Rothe of the royal na- . He was a moſt promiſing youth, admired by every perſon o ſaw him.

Died, the 21ſt October current, at his houſe in Upper Charte-ſtreet, London, Hew Craig, Eſq; late Judge of the Adiralty, and Judge Advocate at Gibraltar. His friends and elations will pleaſe accept of this notification of his death.

On the 25th inſtant, died at Wellhall, near Hamilton, Maor John Macfie, late of the Marines, juſtly regretted. It is oped his friends and relations will accept of this as a proper otification of his death.

Mrs Chalmers, ſpouſe to Robert Chalmers, Eſq; of Larert, and daughter to the late John Forbes, Eſq; of Newhall, ied here this morning.

On Wedneſday, arrived in Leith Roads, from a cruize, the roſelyte frigate, Captain Brown.

This morning, arrived in Leith Roads his Majeſty's ſhip Buffalo.

We hear from Hull, that on Friday morning laſt, there was he moſt extraordinary ſwell of the tide ever remembered by the oldeſt inhabitants of that place.—The water roſe ſo high as to overflow the dock, and filled all the adjoining warehouſes and cellars, and boats might have ſwum in ſeveral of the ſtreets. The banks of the Humber both on the Yorkſhire and Lincolnſhire coaſt were alſo overflowed, which occaſioned a terrible inundation in the country, where immenſe damage has been ſuſtained, as well as at Hull.

There is now living in the neighbourhood of Richmond in the county of York, a woman at the great age of 110 years. She is uncommonly chearful and active, her face as free from wrinkles as a perſon of forty, and enjoys good-health and the poſſeſſion of her memory and underſtanding. She was deprived of her ſight ſome years ago.

On Saturday laſt, about five in the evening, an out-houſe in Formakine, in the pariſh of Cardroſs, took fire, and burnt with great violence; in a ſhort time the flames were communicated to the barn and barn-yard, and conſumed the whole ſtock of grain, which was very conſiderable. The dwelling-houſe was likewiſe on fire, which was luckily got under, before it had done much damage.

On Thurſday laſt, a purſe of 50 guineas was run for over the courſe at Hamilton, and won by Lord Haddo's bay horſe Leap Frog; and, on Friday, a purſe of 20 guineas was run for, and won by Mr Hudſon's cheſnut horſe Thoughtleſs.

A General Meeting of the Society in Scotland for propagating Chriſtian Knowledge is to be held on Thurſday next, the 1ſt day of November, at one o'clock afternoon, within their Hall, Warriſton's Cloſe, Edinburgh.

The HADDINGTON ASSEMBLY is to be held on Monday the 29th.—The country dances begin exactly at Six o'clock.

Extract of a letter from Glaſgow, Oct. 25.

"The Adventure, a Daniſh veſſel, loaded with timber, from Drontheim in Norway, arrived at Sea Lock on Tueſday laſt. On the 16th inſtant, five leagues S. W. of Holy Iſland, ſhe was boarded by a Dutch privateer, mounting 18 guns, and having on board 120 men. After examining the papers, and finding her a neutral ſhip, they allowed her to proceed on her voyage, but carried off three gentlemen of this city who were paſſengers on board. The privateer was ſix days from Rotterdam, and on a cruize for two months.

"Monday morning, a woman in Argyle-ſtreet hanged herſelf. She had been in a dilirium for ſome days before, on account of her huſband having entered on board the navy, and left her with four ſmall children.

"Yeſterday, Vice-Admiral Arbuthnot came to this city, upon a tour, and was immediately waited upon, and reſpectfully complimented by the Magiſtrates.

"Same day, the two flanking companies of the Southern Fencibles arrived here from the camp at Dunbar, this being the head quarters."

Extract of a letter from Irvine, Oct. 23.

"This day, a melancholy accident happened here:—As ſome carpenters were working upon the keel of a veſſel, it unfortunately overſet, and bruiſed one of them, named Thomas Symonton, to death, in a moſt ſhocking manner."

Extract of a letter from the Captain of a cartel ſhip belonging to Belfaſt, dated Calais, October 7. whoſe veracity may be depended on.

"This harbour is full of privateers; greater part of their crews are Engliſh and Iriſh, particularly the officers. Some of them knew me, and told me they were getting ready for the Iriſh Channel ſervice, and ſaid they hoped ſoon to make their fortunes, by taking ſome of our linen ſhips. The French fleet arrived at Breſt with 25 ſail of the line, about nine days ago."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Oct. 20.

"Yeſterday, the freedom of this city was voted to the Right Hon. Lord Loughborough, and to Robert Brooke, Eſq; High Sheriff of the county Kildare. At the ſame time, the thanks of the Aſſembly were voted to the Volunteers of Ireland, and to the late Mayor and the late High Sheriffs.

"The Patty, an empty tranſport from New York to Port Glaſgow, put in laſt Sunday morning at Crookhaven, in great diſtreſs, having loſt her anchors, rudder, and foremaſt, in a gale, about 100 leagues from the coaſt of Ireland, with four feet water in her hold. The men were almoſt dead with pumping, to keep her from going down.

"Yeſterday, George Robert Fitzgerald, Eſq; was committed to Newgate, for breaking out of the jail of Caſtlebar; excluſive of which, there are other charges againſt him of a capital nature, ſuch as robbing the ſervants of Cæſar French, Eſq; of a number of cars and horſes, and carrying off two of the ſervants, who, from their not having been ſince heard of, are generally ſuppoſed to have been murdered. The proclamation iſſued againſt him, which was ſigned ſome days prior to his caption, and the conſiderable reward offered for his apprehenſion, evince that his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant is determined that ſuch lawleſs offenders ſhall be brought to condign puniſhment.

"Wedneſday, between the hours of twelve and three, a deſperate mob aſſembled in Upper Church-ſtreet, in order to deſtroy a factory lately ſet up by an induſtrious perſon in the ribband branch, whoſe ingenuity had rendered one wheel ſufficient to employ ten people in the looms, which, heretofore, demanded the induſtry of ſix. The deſperadoes did a great deal of miſchief before they were diſperſed."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Oct. 22.

"Friday, the general quarter aſſembly was held at the Tholſel, when they unanimouſly reſolved upon inſtructions to their repreſentatives in Parliament, in which they deſire them to uſe their utmoſt endeavours to procure a declaratory act; a modification of Poyning's law; the limitation of the mutiny bill; a habeas corpus act; the independence of the Judges; to enquire into the Portugal buſineſs; and, as a moſt probable means of effecting thoſe deſireable objects, they ſuggeſt the adoption of a ſix months money bill.

"Friday night and Saturday morning, the Duke of Athol's, or 77th regiment of Highlanders, arrived in our garriſon from Corke."

Extract of a letter from Limerick, Oct. 15.

"Laſt Friday, the 66th regiment arrived here, and proceeded next day on their route to Galway, Eyrecourt, &c. Same day, the 13th dragoons arrived from Cork, on their way to Caſtlebar."

Extract of a letter from Waterford, Oct. 17.

"Yeſterday, and this morning, a lugger privateer was off this harbour, but we have not learned that ſhe has taken any veſſel.

Extract of a letter from Waterford, Oct. 19.

The following letter was received by this day's poſt, from the Collector of Youghal:

"SIR, *Cuſtom-houſe, Youghal, Oct. 17. 1781.*

"John Ogden, maſter of the brig Alben, of Liverpool, this morning, at four o'clock, in company with the Rodney of Lancaſter, obſerved a veſſel near ſaid conſort, which proved to be a lugger privateer of 12 or 14 guns, the crew all Iriſhmen. At half paſt four he engaged the lugger, and at ſix he ſtruck his colours: This veſſel mounted 6 ſix-pounders, and had eleven men and three boys on board; he alſo ſaw a cutter privateer to leeward. After he ſtruck, they came alongſide with the help of their ſweeps, and fired ſix guns into him, ſwearing at the ſame time they would put him and his crew to death, and ordered him to hoiſt out his boat and come on board of them: He hoiſted out his boat, manned her, and rowed on ſhore. He arrived here this morning at ten o'clock, and ſays, he left his ſecond mate, carpenter, and five lads behind, one of which was ſhot through the breaſt. He was taken S. E. and by S. three leagues off Ardmore Head: And further ſays, they fired after him from both veſſels, both grape and round ſhot: He eſcaped them all, except one grape that took his bow, without further damage.

"His veſſel and cargo (which conſiſted of bale goods for Cork and South Carolina) he values at 30,000 l. Sterling.

I am, Sir,
Your humble and obedient ſervant,
PETER HENNIS.

"*Sir James May, Collector at Waterford.*"

Extract of a letter from a gentleman from America, now in London, to his friend in Edinburgh, dated Oct. 17.

"The militia of ſome counties of North Carolina lately roſe in favour of Government, and very unſeaſonably diſturbed the deliberation of their provincial Congreſs, by taking the whole priſoners, and carrying twelve of them down to pay a viſit to Major Craig at Wilmington. The affairs of that province wear a more favourable aſpect than they have done for ſome years paſt. South Carolina is in great want of a body of 500 cavalry to render that province perfectly peaceable; for parties of plunderers on horſeback, who acknowledge neither King nor Congreſs, infeſt the interior parts, and plunder and rob all without diſtinction. My friends in Georgia alſo ſay, that they want greatly a few cavalry. Lord Dunmore is gone out Colonel of a regiment of horſe, to be ſtationed in Carolina, and Mr Thomſon, Lord George Germain's Secretary, is Lieutenant-Colonel. The regiment is to be raiſed in the provinces; and if they find a body of men and horſes ſufficient, they may do eſſential ſervice. Some of my acquaintance in Carolina, who had been advanced to the rank of general officers by the Congreſs, Colonel Balfour has exalted a little higher, among which number is *Major-General Iſaac Haynes*, who, having ſported with oaths ſo often, was deemed unfit for any ſociety upon earth, and therefore was condemned to be hanged. Several other rebels are now taſting the bitter cup, which they had prepared for their neighbours to drink; and many of the moſt wealthy are reduced to beggary and miſery; and, what is ſtill more mortifying, are cringing and begging compaſſion from thoſe whom formerly they endeavoured to ruin.

"In the neighbourhood of New York there is little cordiality between the French and rebels. They encamp at a diſtance from one another; and ſo many have been ſhot going and coming between the camps, that they are obliged to carry paſſes in their pockets.—Paper currency is defunct.

"The loyal corps of refugees at New York have burnt New-London, that neſt of rebel pirates and privateers, with the loſs of ſome brave ſoldiers killed, as uſual, from the windows.

"Lord Rawdon, in the packet from Charleſtown, has unluckily fallen into the hands of the French, with Capt. Clarke and other paſſengers."

Extract of a letter from Dumfries, Oct. 22.

"The Synod of Dumfries met here laſt Tueſday. The principal buſineſs before them was a cauſe from the Preſbytery of Dumfries, reſpecting the trials of Mr Kennedy, preſentee to the pariſh of Terregles. The cauſe was remitted to the Preſbytery, with orders to re-examine Mr Kennedy next morning. On Wedneſday the Preſbytery met accordingly; and having examined Mr Kennedy upon philoſophy, divinity, and church-hiſtory, were greatly pleaſed with the ſpecimens he gave them of his knowledge in theſe diferent ſciences, and unanimouſly agreed to ſuſtain his trials, and appointed the 8th day of November next for his ordination."

We are exceedingly ſorry, that, in the hurry of publication, ſome lines ſlipped into our Mercury of Monday laſt, which have given juſt offence, and which we are ſenſible were highly improper, more eſpecially that, though in a poetical form, they are ſo conceived as to lead to the ſuppoſition of a *real converſation*, which, from the beſt authority, we can aſſure the Public never happened. The lines came from an anonymous correſpondent; and we ſhall be extremely ſorry, if our having publiſhed his indecent invention, ſhould make us loſe as a cuſtomer a gentleman for whom we have a very high reſpect, or ſhould hurt us in the opinion of the Public.

SCOTUS *ſhall appear in our next,*

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

Oct. 6. Peggy of and from Alloa, Pederſon, for Memel, in ballaſt.
— 7. Love and Unity of and from Peterhead, Moor, for ditto, in ditto.
Mary of and from Kirkcaldy, Bridges, for ditto, in ditto.
— 8. Betty of and from Aberdeen, Bruce, for Dantzig, in ditto.
Duke of Atholl of and from Bo-neſs, Hart, for Copenhagen, coals.
Ducheſs of Hamilton of and from ditto, Kay, for Memel, ballaſt.
Peggy of and from ditto, Octonocher, for ditto, in ditto.
— 9. Good Intent of and from Dunbar, Dudgeon, for Copenhagen, with hay.
Joſeph of and from Kirkcaldy, Wallace, for Memel, in ballaſt.

ARRIVED AND REMAIN,

— 7. Europe of Leven, Balfour, from Peterſburgh, for Leith, ſundries.
— 8. Marion of and for Bo-neſs, Henry, from ditto, with ditto.
— 9. Succeſs of Dyſart, White, from ditto, for Sealock, with ditto.
Aurora of and for Leith, Gavine, from ditto, with ditto.
Eagle of and for Dundee, Sheppard, from ditto, with ditto.

ELSINORE, Oct. 9. 1781. Wind W.

WALTER WOOD.

ORKNEY SHIPPING.

Sailed from Stromneſs,

Oct. 12. Apollo of Oſtend, ——, from Newry, for Memel.
Hope of Hull, Whilie, from ditto, for ditto.

Remain in ſaid harbour, Oct. 13.

Prince Rupert, Fowler, and Seahorſe, Chriſtopher, both from Hudſonsbay, for London.
Happy Return of and from Newcaſtle, Bornal, for Dublin.
Friends of Campbeltown, Mitchell, from Peterſburgh, for Waterford.

In Kirkwall Road,

Betty, Sinclair, from Newcaſtle;—and
Ann of Weſtra, Salter, from ditto.

GREENOCK SHIPPING.

SAILED,

October 22. Katty, M'Clerahan, for Barbadoes, with goods.
Atlantic, Fleck, for Charleſtown, with ditto.
Ann, M'Aliſter, for Drogheda, with coals.
Friendſhip, M'Arthur, for Belfaſt, with goods.
—— 23. Katty, Taylor, for Lairne, with coals.
Janet, Macpherſon, for Belfaſt, with timber.
—— 24. Lively, Sabiſton, for Waterford, with goods.
—— 25. Betſey, Douglas, for Antigua, with ditto.

LEITH SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

Oct. 25. Jean and Ann, Robertſon, from Perth, in balaſt.
Jean, Brown, from Glaſgow, with goods.
26. Lady Frances, Pottenger, from Shetland, with ditto.
27. Generous Mind, Knight, from Kincaple, with whiſky.
George, Simpſon, from Dunbar, with oil.

SAILED,

Oct. 24. Betſy, Lyell, for Dundee, with goods.
Thomas, Grant, for Aberdeen, with ditto.
Betſy, Lyell, for Dundee, with goods.
Thomas, Grant, for Aberdeen, with ditto.
James's, Wiſhart, for Newcaſtle, with ditto.
Mally, Brown, for Bo-neſs, with ditto.
Nelly, Tulloch, for Glaſgow, with ditto.
Jean, Millar, for Wick, with ditto.
Providence, Morriſon, for Dunbar, with ditto.

SEQUESTRATIONS *by the* COURT *of* SESSION.

Michael Macculloch, tenant in Arabey.
Meſſ. Kippen and Co. merchants in Greenock.
Andrew Henry in Laigh Hole Houſe, pariſh of Sorn.

This day is publiſhed,
By WILLIAM CREECH,
(Price 2 s. 6 d. neatly half bound and lettered)
FIRST PRINCIPLES OF PHILOSOPHY:
FOR THE USE OF STUDENTS.
BY JOHN BRUCE, A. M.
Profeſſor of Philoſophy in the Univerſity of Edinburgh.
SECOND EDITION.

ALSO,

In the Preſs, and ſpeedily will be publiſhed, in Two Volumes Octavo,
Conſpectus Medicinæ Theoreticæ.
AUCTORE JACOBO GREGORY, M. D.
MED. THEORET. IN ACAD. EDIN. PROF.
EDITIO SECUNDA.

By Order of the Right Honourable
THE LORD PROVOST, MAGISTRATES, AND COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF EDINBURGH,
ALL-HALLOW-FAIR of this City is to begin On Monday the 12th of November next, at twelve o'clock noon, to continue the uſual time; and is to be kept and held in the MIDDLE BEARFORD's PARK.

MR SPENCE, Dentiſt, particularly recommends to the Nobility, Gentry, &c. his Powder and Lotion for the Teeth and Gums, which have been proved to be ſuperior to any thing ever yet invented. The Powder for cleaning and preſerving the teeth has, for many years, been ſucceſsfully in practice; and the Lotion, Mr Spence flatters himſelf, has equal merit, as it effectually removes all ſwellings and painfulneſs in the gums, ſo as to bring them to an healthy and ſound ſtate.

Sold, by Mr Spence's appointment, wholeſale and retail, only by J. Andrews perfumer, Pall-Mall, London, price 2 s. 6 d. each. Sold alſo by William Raeburn, Bridge Street, Edinburgh.

SALE OF A HOUSE IN CANONGATE.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-houſe of Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 14th of November, betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The LODGING, or DWELLING-HOUSE, being the fourth flerey from the ſtreet of Jack's Land, nearly oppoſite to the head of St John's Street, Canongate, together with the garret and cellar thereto belonging, as lately poſſeſſed by Mr Henry Home, writer to the ſignet, at the yearly rent of 18 l. Sterling.

The premiſes are inſured by the Friendly Society againſt fire, to the benefit of which the purchaſer ſhall have right; and, for the encouragement of bidders, the whole will be expoſed at the price of 180 l. Sterling.

The houſe will be ſeen at any time, by calling for the key at the ſhop of Mr John Campbell, at the head of the entry to the ſubjects; and the title-deeds are in the poſſeſſion of Alexander Mackenzie, writer to the ſignet, who will inform as to further particulars, and is empowered to ſell by private bargain before the roup.

N. B. If the houſe is not ſold it will be let, to be entered to immediately.

Meeting of the *Truſtees* of *Wrights-Houſes* Diſtrict.

THE Convener of this Diſtrict intimates to all concerned, That there is to be a Meeting of the Truſtees held at the Farm of Hillend, on Tueſday next, the 30th of October, at twelve o'clock, in order to conſider of an Alteration in the Courſe of the Turnpike-road leading from Lothian Burn to the Five-mile Stone.

EXCISE OFFICE, *Edinburgh, October* 17. 1781.

THE Commiſſioners of Exciſe have thought proper to direct the following CASES, on the Act of Parliament impoſing a DUTY on MALE SERVANTS, which have received the opinion of the Judges in England, to be publiſhed, for the information of the OFFICERS of the ARMY and NAVY in this country.

At a Meeting of the Commiſſioners for putting in execution an Act of Parliament relative to the Duty on Servants, held at *Great Marlow*, in the County of *Bucks*,

Mr *Young*, the Surveyor, having made a ſurcharge on Major *Powlet*, of the 45th regiment, for *Peter Fiſh*, as his livery ſervant in the capacity of a footman, Major *Powlet* appealed, and objected, That the ſaid *Fiſh* being a ſoldier in the ſaid 45th regiment, attending on him by permiſſion of the commander of the ſaid regiment, and being liable at all times to be called on in his capacity of a ſoldier, he cannot depend on his ſervice for any fixed time, and therefore he cannot think him a footman within the meaning of the act.—As there muſt be many ſimilar caſes, and there does not appear any fixed precedent, the Commiſſioners deſire the opinion of the Judges.

We the ſaid Commiſſioners think Major *Powlet* is liable to pay.

William Clayton.
John Maſon.
Aaron Medwin.

We think the determination of the Commiſſioners is *right*.

J. Skynner.	*G. Nares.*
H. Gould.	*J. Eyre.*
E. Willes.	*B. Hotham.*
W. Blackſtone.	*R. D. Perryn.*
W. H. Aſhhurſt.	

At a Meeting of the Commiſſioners acting within the Diviſion of *Portſdown*, in the County of *Southampton*, held at *Fawham*, in the ſaid Diviſion and County,

It appears, that Captain *Edwards*, of his Majeſty's ſhip *Sandwich*, had, between the 5th of July 1777 and 25th of March 1778, his Steward on board the ſaid ſhip, who was part of the ſhip's complement, to wait on him at times as his ſervant, at his lodgings on ſhore at *Portſmouth*, in the ſaid diviſion and county; and it appeared unto the ſaid Commiſſioners, that at the time of the delivery of the notice by the aſſeſſors at *Portſmouth* aforeſaid, at the lodgings of the ſaid Captain *Edwards*, for him to prepare and produce a liſt of his ſervants, as by the ſaid act was directed, and from that time to the time limited for delivering the ſame liſt to the ſaid aſſeſſors, the ſaid Captain *Edwards* was not at his lodgings, and the aſſeſſors charged the duty of fifteen ſhillings on the ſaid Captain *Edwards* for ſuch ſervant; wherefore the ſaid Captain has this day appealed to the ſaid Commiſſioners againſt the ſaid charge, alledging (as it is admitted by *William Hollis*, Gent. the Surveyor of the ſaid duties for the ſaid diviſion), that ſuch ſervant was his ſteward on board the *Sandwich*, and part of the ſhip's complement; and therefore the ſaid Captain *Edwards* ſays he is not liable to pay the ſaid tax.

The ſaid Commiſſioners preſent are of opinion, That the ſaid Captain *Edwards* is not liable to pay for ſuch ſervant.

And the ſaid *William Hollis* being diſſatisfied, the ſaid Commiſſioners, at the ſaid meeting and appeal, or the major part of them, at the requeſt of the ſaid *Hollis*, have ſtated and ſigned this caſe, and humbly ſubmit the ſame to your Lordſhips opinion.

T. A. Wools.
John Hawker.
William Bennet.

We are of opinion, That the determination of the Commiſſioners is *wrong*.

J. Skynner.	*G. Nares.*
H. Gould.	*J. Eyre.*
E. Willes.	*B Hotham.*
W. Blackſtone.	*R. Perryn.*
W. H. Aſhhurſt.	

At the ſame Meeting,

It appears that *John Bogue*, of *Titchfield*, in the county of *Southampton*, being ſurgeon on board his Majeſty's ſhip the *Queen*, had, between the 5th July 1777 and the 25th March 1778, one male ſervant, who belonged to the ſaid ſhip, was part of the ſhip's complement, and was allowed by Government as Mr *Bogue*'s ſervant; he attended Mr *Bogue* at times at *Titchfield* when Mr *Bogue* was there, and went to ſea with Mr *Bogue* when the ſhip went to ſea; and it appeared unto the ſaid Commiſſioners, that at the time of the delivery of the notice by the aſſeſſors at the dwelling-houſe of the ſaid *John Bogue* at *Titchfield* aforeſaid, for the ſaid *John Bogue* to prepare and produce a liſt of his ſervants, as by the act is directed; and from that time to the time limited for delivering of the liſt to the aſſeſſors the ſaid *John Bogue* was not at his dwelling-houſe, and the aſſeſſors charged the duty of fifteen ſhillings on him for ſuch ſervant; and he hath this day appealed to the ſaid Commiſſioners againſt the ſaid charge, alledging, That he is not liable to pay the tax for ſuch ſervant, becauſe (as it is admitted by *William Hollis*, Gent. the Surveyor of the duties for the ſaid diviſion), ſuch ſervant was his ſteward on board the *Queen*, and part of her complement.

The Commiſſioners are of opinion, that the ſaid John Bogue is not liable to pay the ſaid tax for ſuch ſervant; and the ſaid William Hollis being diſſatisfied, the Commiſſioners, at the ſaid meeting and appeal, or the major part of them, at the requeſt of Hollis, have ſtated and ſigned this caſe, and humbly ſubmit the ſame to your Lordſhips opinion.

T. A. Wools.
John Hawker.

N. B. All Marine Officers, from the Lieutenant to the Cook, have ſervants allowed them by Government, who are part of the ſhip's complement, and go aſhore with their maſters to wait on them at times.

We are of opinion, That the determination of the Commiſſioners is *Wrong*.

J. Skynner.	*G. Nares.*
H. Gould.	*J. Eyre.*
E. Willes.	*B. Hotham.*
W. Blackſtone.	*R. Perryn.*
W. H. Aſhhurſt.	

By Order of the Commiſſioners,
JOHN THOMSON, Secretary.

BY ADJOURNMENT.—UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 12th of December 1781, betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon, in Whole or in Parcels,

The Lands of OVERMAINS, WHITEHOUSE, and DEDRIGGS, lying in the pariſh of Eccles, and ſheriffdom of Berwick.

The free yearly rent of theſe lands is at preſent about 220 l. but which will ſoon riſe very greatly, as an offer has been made of an advanced rent of 70 l. upon one farm, the leaſe of which expires in a few years.

There is a good manſion-houſe on the premiſſes, with a garden and orchard, well ſtocked with fruit-trees, and a good deal of thriving planting, ſome of it fit for cutting.

Great part of the lands of Mains, which is preſently out of leaſe, has been for twenty years in graſs; and the whole eſtate is ſufficiently incloſed and ſubdivided; is well ſupplied with water and marle, and at no great diſtance from lime; and is ſituated in a plentiful country, in the neighbourhood of good markets, being within four miles of Kelſo and five of Dunſe, and not a mile from the turnpike-road betwixt Greenlaw and Cornhill.

The progreſs of writs and conditions of ſale, with the rental, meaſurement, and plan of the lands, are to be ſeen in the hands of Walter Scott writer to the ſignet; with whom, or William Keith accomptant in Edinburgh, perſons inclining to purchaſe may commune; and perſons inclining to view the premiſſes may apply to Patrick Jeffrey tenant in Lawknow, or William Smith writer in Kelſo.

Roup of Houſehold Furniture.

TO be roupted and ſold at SAINTFORD, in the pariſh of Forgar, and county of Fife, upon Friday the 2d of November next,

The WHOLE FURNITURE in the Houſe of Saintford, lately poſſeſſed by Thomas Walker, Eſq;

The roup to begin at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and to continue till all is ſold off.

This advertiſement not to be repeated.

FARMS to LET, and WOOD to be SOLD,

At PRIMROSE or CARRINGTON,

Seven miles ſouth from Edinburgh, and three from Dalkeith.

THE following LANDS to be LET, together or ſeparately, and the entry to be immediately, viz.

Edgelaw, poſſeſſed by William Brodie, containing acres, at the rent of 64 l. per annum.—Duncan's Old Incloſures, part whereof is poſſeſſed by J. and R. Cochranes at 63 l. per annum, and the remainder is in the proprietor's hands.—The Shiels of Capielaw, lately poſſeſſed by Jane Chriſty at 40 l. per annum.——The three laſt are moſtly incloſed and divided; the whole are arable, and capable of great improvement, having a coalliery in the barony, and plenty of lime in the neighbourhood.

Alſo take notice, That the NATURAL WOOD of that Barony is now to be SOLD, which is of conſiderable extent, conſiſts of Oak, Aſh, Elm, Birch, &c. 30 years old and upwards, lying juſt by the town, along the river-ſide, and near good-made roads.

Likewiſe, at Ochiltree, within two miles of the town of Linlithgow, the FARM of RIPPITSTONE, containing about 90 acres, as laſt poſſeſſed by John Watt, at the rent of 74 l.

Alexander Tweedie, in Primroſe town, will ſhow the farm and wood at Primroſe; and John Brown, tenant in Ochiltree, will ſhow the farm of Rippitſtone.—For further particulars, enquire of Mr Eiſton, Allan's cloſe, Edinburgh, and Mr Melvill, Barnhougle Caſtle.

N. B. DITCHERS and ROAD-MAKERS wanted, by piece or day.

LANDS to LET in the Shire of Edinburgh.

TO be LET, and entered to at Martinmas next, The extenſive Farm of FIRTH, conſiſting of upwards of four hundred acres, being the South Part of the Lands and Barony of AUCHINDINNY; with the Houſes, Graſs, and other Pertinents thereof, lying in the pariſh of Laſwade, being within four miles of Dalkeith, and eight miles of the City of Edinburgh; having the great turnpike-road to Peebles on the weſt ſide of the ſaid farm.—Propoſals for a tack thereof may be given in to David Forbes writer in Edinburgh.

To be LET and entered to at Martinmas next,

THE LIMESTONE ROCKS and QUARRIES of Quarter Binnend and Whinnyhall, lying near the town of Burntiſland, in the ſhire of Fife.

It is unneceſſary to deſcribe the ſuperior quality of theſe limeſtones. Any perſon inclining to view the quarries may apply to John Thomſon, at Grange, near Burntiſland, who will inform as to the articles of the ſale.

A FARM TO LET.

TO be LET in leaſe for ſuch a number of years as ſhall be agreed on, and to be entered into at the term of Martinmas 1782,

The Farm of OXGANGS, conſiſting of about 172 acres Scots meaſure, all arable ground, of a good ſoil, and well watered, lying three miles ſouthweſt from Edinburgh, in the pariſh of Collington.

Propoſals to be given in, in writing, to Mr James Forreſt writer to the ſignet, 81 David's Street, New Town; and it may be depended on, that ſuch offers as are not accepted ſhall be kept ſecret.

MANSION-HOUSE, OFFICES, GARDEN, AND PARKS AT WOOLMET TO LET.

TO be LET for ſuch a number of years as ſhall be agreed on, The MANSION-HOUSE, OFFICE-HOUSES, GARDEN, INCLOSURES, and PARKS of WOOLMET, moſt pleaſantly ſituated about a quarter of a mile on the eaſt ſide of the great road leading from Edinburgh to Dalkeith, and diſtant from Edinburgh about four meaſured miles, and nearly two from Dalkeith. The entry to the Garden, Incloſures, and Parks to be on the 1ſt of April next; and to the Manſion-houſe and Offices at Whitſunday thereafter. But, if more agreeable to a tackſman, he may enter to the houſe and offices at the ſame time with the garden and parks.

The Houſe of Woolmet is large and commodious, and fit for the accommodation of a large family. The garden is large and well ſtocked with fruit-trees. The parks, conſiſting of about 70 acres, are ſufficiently incloſed with ſtone-dykes, have plenty of water, and, as they were laid down with graſs ſeeds three years ago, they are at preſent in good order and condition.

If a tackſman would wiſh to poſſeſs the manſion-houſe, office-houſes, gardens, and one or two of the incloſures moſt contiguous, he may be accommodated in that way.

For further particulars, application may be made to John Anderſon writer to the ſignet, or to James Mitchell, factor, at Amiſfield, by Haddington. Offers, if deſired, will be kept ſecret.

LANDS TO SET IN ARGYLE-SHIRE.

THE Lands of STRONDORE and STRONCHULLINE; as alſo, the Lands of KENLOCHKELISPORT, ELLARIE, ACHACHOISH, and MIDDLE SHERVAIN, for ſuch a number of years from Whitſunday 1782 as ſhall be agreed on.

Propoſals to be given in to Mr John Anderſon writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh, and Mr John Macneil writer in Inverary.

A FARM and LIMEKILNS to LET ſeparately,

For 19 years, entry to the houſes and graſs at Whitſunday 1782, and arable land at the ſeparation of the crop from the ground:

THAT Commodious Farm of BEEL GRAINGE, in the the pariſh of Stainton, and county of Eaſt Lothian, four miles weſt from Dunbar, and ſix eaſt from Haddington, both good market towns. The farm conſiſts of near 200 Scots acres, divided into thirteen incloſures, well fenced and watered.—Any perſon wiſhing to view the ſame, may apply to Mr William Winlaw at Beelhill, who will ſhow the farm; and propoſals directed to him will be immediately anſwered.

Alſo to be LET, and entered to at Martinmas next, The well-frequented LIME-QUARRY and KILNS at Spindlesford, in the pariſh of Pencaitland, near Haddington in the ſaid county, well ſituated for coal and improvement.—For further particulars, apply to Mr James Clarke, at Pencaitland.

FARM IN PERTH-SHIRE TO LET.

To be LET, and entered to at Martinmas 1781,

THE large Farm of FINGASK, in the pariſh of Rhynd, and ſhire of Perth, lying moſtly to a ſouth expoſure; the lands on the high ground being of a ſweet mellow nature, fit for barley, clover, and turnip, or indeed any other crops; that below of rich carſe grounds, proper for wheat and bean crops. There are about ſeventy acres Scots of this kind of low ground, which have never yet been ploughed, lying well and conveniently for bringing lime by water within half a mile of that part of the farm. There are a good many ditches already made towards incloſing it, which will make the deſign of incloſing the whole more eaſy, and ſooner effected. And towards bringing in the 70 acres, it is propoſed that the proprietor give a certain allowance for lime, which, at communing, will be further explained.—There is a very good houſe lately repaired for the tenant; and, beſides an eaſy communication by water with Dundee or Leith, the farm lies within about three miles of Perth, both for a market and purchaſing dung. Part of the ground is under ſummer fallow this year, and part is laid down with clover, &c. for the conveniency of the entering tenant.

Andrew Davidſon writer in Perth will find a perſon to ſhow the premiſſes, and take any propoſals that may be made, or the proprietor at Kemback, by Cupar in Fife.

To be SOLD by voluntary roup, on Saturday the 3d of November,

THE POORS-HOUSE of Muſſelburgh, with a well-incloſed GARDEN of above an acre and an half.

The houſe is large and ſpacious, conſiſting of three ſtoreys and garrets, and was built of the beſt materials leſs than thirty years ago. It is fit for ſundry branches of manufacture, having plenty of good water; or may eaſily be fitted up for a dwelling-houſe, or be divided into ſeparate lodgings; and would be very convenient for ſea-bathing, being pleaſantly ſituated near the Links of Muſſelburgh, to the eaſtward of Pinkie Park.

The roup to be held at the Poors-houſe, and to begin preciſely at twelve o'clock.—The purchaſer to enter into poſſeſſion immediately.

AN ESTATE in STRATHMORE to be SOLD.

THE Lands of LINDERTIS, Barony of REIDIE, &c, with the teinds and pertinents, lying in the pariſh of Airly and county of Forfar, the whole meaſuring 2100 acres, of which 1400 are arable. The neat rent, valuing the farm in the poſſeſſion of the proprietor at the moſt reaſonable rate, is about 800 l. ſterling, beſides a progreſſive rent on ſome of the farms. All theſe lands are held of the Crown, and the valued rent is 950 l. Scots.

There is a moſs on the eſtate, which affords plenty of excellent peat; and in the neighbourhood there is abundance of marle.

At Lindertis there is an elegant new houſe, fit for accommodating a genteel family; and the houſe and farm-offices are extenſive, commodious, and well fitted up.

The approaches are laid out in the beſt taſte, and planted with various kinds of trees, which are exceedingly thriving. The farm round the houſe is ornamented with ſtripes and clumps of trees, and the fields are incloſed with thorn-hedges and hedge-rows, defended by ſtone walls. The other farms, excepting about 140 acres in one of them, are incloſed and ſubdivided, either by ſtone dykes, ditch and thorn hedges, or both. The muir grounds which lie to the northward of the houſe, and conſiſt of about 600 acres, a great part of which is capable of cultivation, are all incloſed and planted with Scots firs, oaks, larixes, birches, and other trees.

The whole was laid out by the late Lord Strathmore and Colonel Fletcher with ſuch attention both to uſe and ornament, that there is no doubt of its becoming, in a few years, one of the moſt beautiful eſtates in Strathmore.

Thoſe inclining to treat for this eſtate may apply to Alexander Greenhill merchant in Dundee, who will ſhow the tacks and a rental. And, if it ſhould be convenient for the purchaſer, the greateſt part of the price may remain in his hands, probably for a good many years.

The progreſs of writs, and copy of the rental are to be ſeen in the hands of Frederick Fotheringham writer, St Andrew's Street.

Mr Turnbull at the houſe of Lindertis will ſhow the houſe and grounds, and a plan of the eſtate.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouſe of Edinburgh, on Tueſday the 20th November next, betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtate of NEWFIELD,

lying in the pariſh of Durdonald, within four miles of the towns of Irving and Kilmarnock, and eight of the county town of Ayr. Theſe lands are ſufficiently incloſed, and divided by hedges and belts of planting. The proprietor has been ſeveral years in the natural poſſeſſion of the whole, and has laid out very conſiderable ſums in improvement. There is an exceeding good houſe upon the eſtate, with a ſuitable garden, and offices of all kinds.

The grounds abound with coal, which may be brought to yield conſiderable returns, being well ſituated for ſales, and within a very few miles of lime.

The lands hold of a ſubject-ſuperior, for payment of ſmall feu-duties, and the teinds are valued.

A plan of the eſtate, with the progreſs and articles of ſale, may be ſeen by applying to Mr David Ruſſel accomptant in Edinburgh, William Dick writer to the ſignet, or the proprietor at Newfield.

AS ALSO,

The SUPERIORITY of the four-merk Land of old extent of BRAIDILAND, lying in the baillery of Cunningham, and ſhire of Ayr.

The old extent of theſe lands, which are holden of the Crown, is aſcertained by a retour prior to 1681, and they give a qualification in the county. The progreſs may be ſeen, by applying as above.

AND

The Lands of LETHAM, lying in the pariſh of Arngaſk, and ſhire of Fife. They are of conſiderable extent, and have been in graſs for ſeveral years.

They are held of a ſubject, for payment of a ſmall feu-duty.

Andrew Murray of Conland, near Kinroſs, will inform as to particulars; and the progreſs and meaſurement may be ſeen, by applying as above.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe of Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 28th day of November next, betwixt the hours of four and ſix afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

The LANDS and ESTATE of BUNZEON, which belonged to the deceaſed Robert George Bruce of Bunzeon, lying within the pariſhes of Coſts and ſheriffdom of Fife, and the privilege of purchaſing the free teind thereof.

The free ſtock or rent of the lands amounts to 86 l. 7 s. 3 d. 5-12ths.

The proven rental of the lands, at twenty-three years purchaſe, is - - - - - L. 1986 7 6 7-12ths

The free teind amounts to 16 l. 5 d. 4-12ths, which, at five years purchaſe, is - - 80 2 2 8-12ths

Amounting, the total value of the ſaid lands and teind, after all deductions, to L. 2066 9 9 3-12ths

The lands hold blench of the Crown, for payment of one penny Scots.

The articles of roup may be ſeen at the office of Alexander Stevenſon depute clerk of ſeſſion; and further information will be got by applying to John Ruſſell junior clerk to the ſignet.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE, AND HOUSES IN EDINBURGH.

TO be SOLD by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 28th November 1781, betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

I. The Lands and Eſtate of LATHRISK and FREUCHIE, containing about 700 acres, incloſed and ſubdivided by hedges and ditches, and ſtrips of planting. The lands lie within a mile of the burgh of Falkland, in the centre of the great cattle-markets of Fife, and in the immediate neighbourhood of Forthar lime-kiln, and the marle-pit of Bowhouſe, where marle is ſold at 4 d. per boll. There is a neat manſion-houſe on the eſtate, with a complete ſet of offices; a large kitchen-garden, ſurrounded with a high brick-wall, and an orchard, ſtored with fruit-trees of the beſt kinds. The lands hold of the Crown, and are out of leaſe, except part of the lands of Freuchie.

II. The HOUSE in the Old Bank Cloſe, Edinburgh, lately poſſeſſed by Mr Cunnyngham clerk to the ſignet, conſiſting of ſeven rooms, kitchen, cloſets, and cellars.

III. A HOUSE fronting the ſtreet, at the head of Morriſon's Cloſe, being the 5th ſtorey of Sym's Land, conſiſting of two rooms, a bed-cloſet, and kitchen.

Theſe two ſubjects are inſured in the Edinburgh Friendly Inſurance, and the premium paid up.

IV. A HOUSE, being the ſecond ſtorey of the new land at the head of Cant's Cloſe, conſiſting of a handſome dining-room to the ſtreet, three bed-rooms, and a kitchen, with a cellar entering from the cloſe.

For particulars apply to Robert Stewart writer in Edinburgh, who will ſhow the title-deeds, &c.; and George Barclay, overſeer at Lathriſk, will ſhow the eſtate.

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